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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/544,355	04/06/2000	James A. McKeeth	MPATENT.164A	8050
24504 7	590 02/08/2006		EXAMINER	
THOMAS, KAYDEN, HORSTEMEYER & RISLEY, LLP			HU, JINSONG	
100 GALLERI	A PARKWAY, NW			
STE 1750			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA, GA 30339-5948			2154	

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/544,355	MCKEETH, JAMES A.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jinsong Hu	2154
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 Not</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 29-56 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 29-56 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	relection requirement. r. epted or b) objected to by the lidrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 29-56 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 29-56 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dreke et al. (US 6,463,471) in view of Aravamudan et al. (US 6,301,609).
- 4. As per claims 29 and 38, Dreke teaches the invention as claimed including a method for updating Domain Name System (DNS) information in response to a change in client status, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a client request to update DNS information on a DNS server, the client being subscribed to a domain name [col. 2, lines 53-55; col. 4, lines 3-6 & 60-66];

on receipt of the client request, assigning an IP address to the client and updating an entry in an IP address table on the DNS server such that the domain name corresponds with the assigned IP address [col. 4, line 60-65]; and determining a client status of on-line or off-line [col. 4, lines 33-39].

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5. Dreke does not specifically teach responsive to off-line determination, updating the IP address table on the DNS server such that the domain name corresponds with an interactive file. However, Aravamudan on the other hand teaches responsive to off-line determination, updating the IP address table on the DNS server such that the domain name corresponds with an interactive file [col. 8, lines 19-31]. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Dreke and Aravamudan because doing so would enable the server to have the accurate status information of users. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify Dreke's system with Aravamudan's updated status of users to increase the integrity of the system.

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- 6. As per claims 30 and 31, Aravamudan teaches the interactive file comprises a first web page that is configured to provide information to the first client and configured to allow the first client to leave a message for the second client [col. 7, lines 21-40; i.e., the second user be able to access certain file or webpage of first user to leave the messages].
- 7. As per claims 32 and 39, Aravamudan teaches the second web page includes at least one of messages received while client was off- line, a time of last log-on by client, or a duration the client was off-line [col. 8, lines 44-55].
- 8. As per claims 33 and 40, Aravamudan teaches determining if the client is authorized to administer the domain name [col. 1, lines 59-62].

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9. As per claims 34-35, Dreke and Aravamudan teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 29. Both references do not teach the step of processing request and notifying the client that the request has been processed. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made include these steps because doing so would bring convenience to user by allowing the user being acknowledged once the request being processed. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the combination system of Dreke and Aravamudan system to benefit user.

- 10. As per claims 36 and 37, Dreke teaches the step of monitoring arrival of a signal that is periodically transmitted by the first client, the arrival of the signal indicating that the status of the first client is on-line [col. 4, lines 37-44].
- 11. As per claims 41-49, since they are program claims of claims 29-37, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 29-37 above.
- 12. As per claims 50-56, since they are system claims of claims 29 and 32-36, they are rejected for the same basis as claims 29 and 32-36 above.

Conclusion

13. Applicant's arguments filed on 11/2/05 for claims 29-56 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

In the remarks, applicant argued in substance that

- (1) Neither Dreke nor Aravamudan teaches the step of receiving a client request to update DNS information on a DNS server;
- (2) Neither Dreke nor Aravamudan teaches the client being subscribed to a domain name;
- (3) Neither Dreke nor Aravamudan teaches the step of updating the IP address table on the DNS server such that the domain name corresponds with an interactive file;
- (4) Neither Dreke nor Aravamudan teaches the interactive file comprises a first web page that is configured to provide information to the first client and configured to allow the first client to leave a message for the second client.
- 14. Examiner respectfully traverses applicant's remarks:
- A. As to point (1), applicant fails to consider the teaching of the Dreke's reference for assigning different IP address by Internet Provider [i.e., DNS server] to a user each time when he/she logs on the Internet [i.e., request to update DNS information, such as receiving a new IP address]. Thus, Dreke is still a relevant prior art reference. Furthermore, Examiner did not rely on Aravamudan's reference to reject this limitation in the previous office action, the argument for Aravamudan not teaching the step of receiving a client request to update DNS information on a DNS server is improper. Therefore, the rejection is still maintained.
 - B. As per to point (2), applicant fails to consider the teaching of the

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Dreke's reference for providing service to the register users [col. 2, lines 23-25] and the user being able to receiving a newly network address [col. 4, lines 3-6 & 60-66], i.e., the client being subscribed to a domain name. Thus, Dreke is still a relevant prior art reference. Furthermore, even the Examiner did not rely on Aravamudan's reference to reject this limitation in the previous office action, Aravamudan's reference discloses the client being subscribed to a domain name [col. 3, lines 37-41]. Therefore, the rejection is still maintained.

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- C. As to point (3), applicant fails to consider the teaching of

 Aravamudan's reference for delivering pending events to the user when he/she logs on
 the network again [col. 7, lines 33-40], i.e., updating the IP address table on the DNS
 server such that the domain name corresponds with an interactive file. Thus,

 Aravamudan is still a relevant prior art reference. Furthermore, Examiner did not rely on
 Dreke's reference to reject this limitation in the previous office action, the argument for
 Dreke's reference is improper. Therefore, the rejection is still maintained.
- D. As to point (4), applicant fails to consider the teaching of Aravamudan's reference for delivering a webpage by the first user to the second user even when the first user is off-line [col. 7, lines 6-13], i.e., a first web page that is configured to provide information to the first client and configured to allow the first client to leave a message for the second client [col. 7, lines 21-40; i.e., a first web page is configured to provide information to the first client and configured to allow the first client to leave a message for the second client. Thus, Aravamudan is still a relevant prior art reference.

Furthermore, Examiner did not rely on Dreke's reference to reject this limitation in the

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previous office action, the argument for Dreke's reference is improper. Therefore, the rejection is still maintained.

- 15. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP §706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 16. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.
- 17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jinsong Hu whose telephone number is (571) 272-3965. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A. Follansbee can be reached on (571) 272-3964. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jinsong Hu

February 3, 2006

VIET D.VU PRIMARY EXAMINER

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